

WILDLAND FIRE SAFETY FOR PETS AND LIVESTOCK

You have taken steps to keep your family and home safe from fires, don't forget your pets and livestock. With some advance planning, you can increase their chances of surviving a home or wildland fire.

PETS

- Plan ahead. Know where you will take or leave your pets.
- In case you are not home when disaster strikes, arrange in advance for a neighbor to check on or transport your pets. Make sure your neighbors have contact numbers for you and your family members (cell phone, work, home, etc.).
- In the event of evacuation, pets may not be allowed inside human emergency shelters – have an alternate, prearranged location to take your animals.
- Make sure your pets are always wearing properly fitted collars with personal identification, rabies, and license tags.
- Each animal should have its own pet carrier. Birds, rodents, and reptiles should be transported in cages. Cover cages with a light sheet or cloth to minimize their fear.
- Store vaccination/medical records, veterinary contact information, proof of ownership, a current photo, and a Disaster Preparedness Kit in one location.

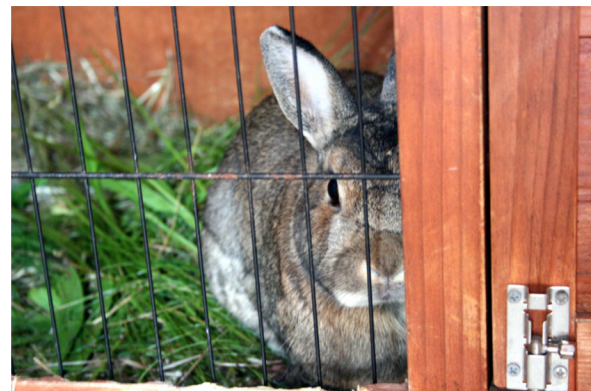


Pet Disaster Preparedness Kit

- Pet carrier for each pet
- Two week supply of food and water
- Non-spill food and water bowls
- Pet first-aid kit
- Medications and dosing instructions
- Cat litter box and litter
- Plastic bags for waste disposal
- Paper towels
- Disinfectants
- Leashes/collars/harnesses
- Blankets
- Toys and treats
- Newspaper

IF YOU MUST LEAVE YOUR PET

- If you must leave your pets, bring them indoors.
- Never leave pets chained outdoors!
- Use a room with no windows and adequate ventilation, such as a utility room, garage, bathroom, or other area that can be easily cleaned. Do not tie pets up!
- Leave only dry foods and fresh water in non-spill containers. If possible open a faucet to let water drip into a large container or partially fill a bathtub with water.



LIVESTOCK

- Clear defensible space around your barns, pastures, and property just as you do your home. PRC 4291 requires clearance around all structures on your property.
- Plan ahead, know where you will evacuate the animals. Contact your local fairgrounds, stockyards, equestrian centers, friends, etc., about their policies and ability to take livestock temporarily in an emergency.
- Have several evacuation routes in mind. If you don't have your own truck and trailer, make arrangements with local companies or neighbors before disaster strikes.
- Make sure your neighbors have contact numbers for you and your family members (cell phone, work, home, etc.).
- Have vaccination/medical records, registration papers, photographs of your animals, proof of ownership, and your Disaster Preparedness Kit.
- If you must leave your animals, leave them in a preselected, cleared area. Leave enough hay for 48 to 72 hours. Do not rely on automatic watering systems as power may be lost.
- Do not wait until the last minute to start evacuating!



Livestock Disaster Preparedness Kit:

- Hay, feed, and water for three days
- Non-nylon leads and halters
- First aid items
- Wire cutters and a sharp knife
- Hoof pick
- Leg wraps
- Shovel
- Water buckets
- Plastic trash barrel with a lid
- Portable radio and extra batteries
- Flashlights

During a wildland fire, local animal rescue organizations work with law enforcement to rescue as many animals as they can. When battling a wildfire, they will do what they can but they are not responsible for evacuating your livestock. Firefighters may need to cut fences or open gates to free trapped animals.